

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/632,777	0/632,777 08/01/2003		Valentino Campagnolo	CAM3-PT005.1	3090	
3624	7590	05/27/2004		EXAMINER		
		ENIG, P.C.	VAN PELT, BRADLEY J			
UNITED PI 30 SOUTH			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
PHILADEL	PHIA, P	A 19103	3682			
				DATE MAILED: 05/27/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	1				
Office Action Commence		10/632,777	CAMPAGNOLO,	CAMPAGNOLO, VALENTINO				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
·		Bradley J Van Pelt	3682	ļ				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION is consistent of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory preto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by eply received by the Office later than three months after the part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the part of th	ON.  FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. a reply within the statutory minimum of thi period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered time NTHS from the mailing date of this o					
Status								
1) 🗌	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	<ul> <li>✓ Claim(s) 1-41 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>✓ Claim(s) 1-41 is/are rejected.</li> <li>☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> </ul>							
Applicati	ion Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Exa	ıminer.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11)□	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the c The oath or declaration is objected to by the	•						
Priority (	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bee the attached detailed Office action for	ments have been received. ments have been received in a e priority documents have been sureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National	l Stage				
Attachmen	t(s)							
2) Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/8 or No(s)/Mail Date	(8) Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)				

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Art Unit: 3682

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-41 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,619,154. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are obvious variations of breadth and scope.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abe (USPN 6,073,730) in view of Campagnolo (USPN 5,865,454).

Abe discloses a support body (17), brake lever (3), first (position sensor for sensing position of the winding drum see column 3, lines 9-16) and second (35) electrical switches, lever mounted (lever adjacent brake lever 3) for rotation and activation of first electrical switch (shift lever actuates winding drum, which sensor 9 senses the angle), a button (18) for activating second electrical switch;

lever rotates generally orthogonal to the path of motion of the brake lever (see fig. 2); a third switch (36), which controls bike computer;

button moves substantially orthogonal to the pivot axis of the brake lever; two support bodies for each derailleur;

Plate (32) is positioned in the support body so that the opposite sides are generally perpendicular to a portion of the support body (see fig. 3).

Abe does not disclose first and second switches activate a derailleur for upshifting and downshifting respectively; the gear change mechanism is an electric motor; the electrical switches are located on opposite sides.

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Campagnolo shows first and second switches (43, 44) activate a derailleur for upshifting and downshifting respectively; the gear change mechanism is an electric motor (see column 1, lines 13-15).

To modify the apparatus of Abe so as to provide switches for upshifting and downshifting in combination with an electric derailleur would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made in view of the teachings of Campagnolo that such an arrangement improves the ease at the user adjusts the gear ratios of the bicycle.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to locate the first and second switch on opposite sides, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art.

#### Conclusion

This is a continuation of applicant's earlier Application No. 09/873,377. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

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CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bradley J Van Pelt whose telephone number is 703.305.8176. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:00-4:30, 2nd F 7:00-3:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A Bucci can be reached on 703.308.3668. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

**BJVP** 

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